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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/771,060	02/04/2004	Gaku Minamihara	04329.3238	2231
7590	11/14/2005		EXAMINER	
Finnegan, Henderson, Farabow, Garrett & Dunner, L.L.P. 1300 I Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20005-3315			GOODWIN, DAVID J	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2818	

DATE MAILED: 11/14/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/771,060	MINAMIHARA ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit		
David Goodwin	2818		

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17 October 2005.
- 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) 1-10 is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 11-20 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on 04 February 2004 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
 Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
 Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
 a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____
3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>8/05.5/05, 2/04</u> .	5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
	6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Applicant's election without traverse of claims 11 through 20 in the reply filed on 10/17/2005 is acknowledged.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. Claim 11, 19, 20 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Burke (PG Pub 2002/0098789 A1).
3. Burke teaches a method of making a semiconductor device. Said method being appropriate for polishing silicon dioxide or damascene copper on a semiconductor wafer (abstract). A wafer is provided and polished via motion of a polishing pad (paragraph 96). Said polishing pad being used to apply abrasive slurries to the substrate (paragraph 34). Said pad comprising a matrix (11) having cells (14) recessed into the matrix (11) dispersed across a surface region of the polishing pad (fig 3) (paragraph 36). Each cell is formed by the liberation of a particle from the matrix leaving a void with a size ranging from 5 to 250 microns (paragraph 51). The surface having a microtexture of 1-5 microns (paragraph 35). The cells recessed into the surface of the pad make up a very small percentage of the total pad volume (fig 3), the percentage approximately 1% of the pad volume.

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4. Regarding claim 19.

5. The pad is used to apply abrasive slurries (paragraph 34). An abrasive slurry comprises abrasive particle suspended in a liquid medium.

6. Regarding claim 20.

7. Burke further teaches that the recessed cells in the surface of the pad a formed by the liberation of embedded particles (paragraph 36). Said liberation is performed by the dissolution in aqueous media of the particle (paragraph 41).

8. Claims 12 through 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Burke (PG Pub 2002/0098789 A1) in view of You (US 6,663,787 B1).

9. Regarding claim 12

10. Burke does not teach that the polishing pad may be used to polish a conductive layer formed over an insulating layer.

11. You teaches a method of making a semiconductor device using a copper damascene method. Said method comprising depositing a first insulating layer (142) forming a second insulating layer (113) over the first insulating layer (142) (fig 5d) (column 18 lines 15-45). Forming a recess (146) in the insulating layers (fig 5g) (column 19 lines 10-30). Depositing a conductive layer (122) over the insulating layers (fig 5k) (column 20 lines 20-40). Polishing the conductive layer to form a wiring layer (fig 5L) (column 20 lines 40-55).

12. It would have been obvious to use the polishing pad and process of Burke to polish the conductive layer of You in order to get a highly planar surface.

13. Regarding claim 13.

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14. You further teaches the use of copper as the conductive layer to be polished (column 20 lines 20-40).

15. It would have been obvious to use copper as the conductive layer in order to get a highly conductive metallization.

16. Regarding claim 14, 15, and 16.

17. You further teaches the use of silicon nitride as the second layer (column 18 lines 50-60) and polyaryl ether as the first layer (column 18 lines 5-10). Polyaryl ether has a dielectric constant of less than 2.5 and silicon nitride has a dielectric constant higher than polyaryl ether.

18. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use silicon nitride over polyaryl ether in order to minimize the intermetal insulator dielectric constant and protect the low dielectric constant intermetal dielectric from polishing damage.

19. Claims 17 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Burke (PG Pub 2002/0098789 A1) in view of Jang (US 5,702,977).

20. Burke teaches all elements of the claimed invention above.

21. Burke does not teach the use of the polishing to polish an insulator deposited in a trench.

22. Jang teaches a method of making a semiconductor device. Said method comprises providing a semiconductor substrate (30) (column 5 lines 45-55). Forming a trench (29) in the semiconductor (30) (fig 3) (column 5 lines 50-65). Depositing an insulating layer (42) over the trench (29) and substrate (30) (column 9 lines 45-55).

Polishing the insulating layer to form a patterned buried insulating region (42b) (fig 8)
(column 10 lines 30-45).

23. It would have been obvious to use the polishing pad and process of Burke to polish the insulating layer of Jang in order to get a highly planar surface.

24. Regarding claim 18.

25. Jang teaches that the insulating layer (42) comprises silicon dioxide (column 9 lines 55-65).

26. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use silicon dioxide for the insulating layer formed in the trench because it provides adequate isolation in an efficient process.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to David Goodwin whose telephone number is (571)272-1787. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday, 9:00am through 5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Nelms can be reached on (571)272-1787. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

DJG


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